What Are the Bees Telling Us?

A Brief Overview of
Honey Bee Behaviors
& How to Interpret Them



What We Aren't Covering Now

"Out & About" Behaviors

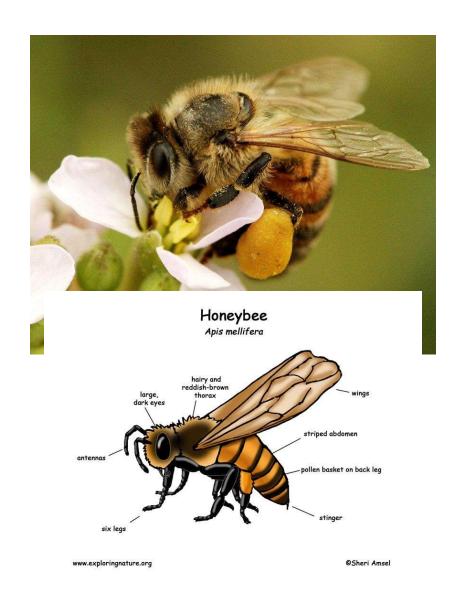
- Swarm Behavior "in the open"
- Mass Stinging Attacks
- Scout Bees, Scouting for Nest Sites
- Foraging, Forage Scouts
- Pollination Efficacy, nut set, seed set
- Pesticide Exposure
- Mistakes Bees Make
- Mistakes People Make (like fingernail polish)
- Preventing Unwanted Bees (structures)
- Staying Safe from Bees
- Deterring unwanted pollination (seeds in seedless fruit)



Observation:

- Pollen forager entering hive with partially-full pollen baskets
- No incoming pollen

- No open brood
- Possibly queenless



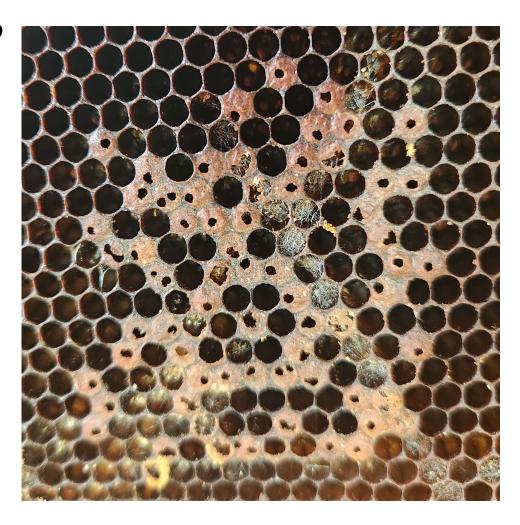
- Some cells fully capped
- One cell is almost fully capped
- Very young larvae
- Some cells never yet held brood
- Some cells held several prior brood cycles
- Well-proportioned larvae
- Mixed ages, side-by-side



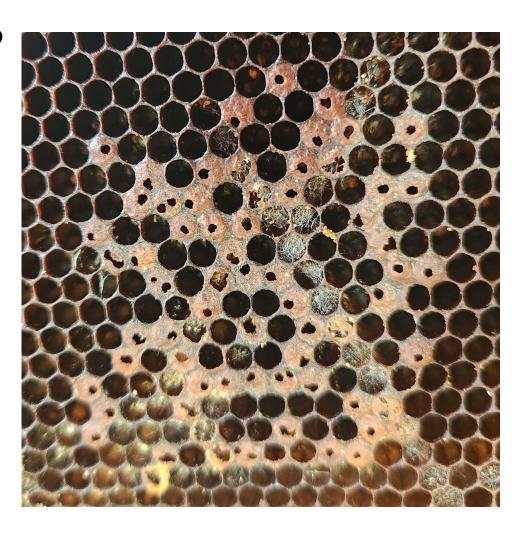
- Capped cells nicely domed.
- A cell is almost fully capped 🙂
- Very young larvae
- Some cells never yet held brood (just FYI)
- Some cells held several prior brood cycles (just FYI)
- Well-proportioned larvae 🙂
- Mixed ages, side-by-side 💓? 😭?



- Brood is all dead
- Pinholes in cappings
- Cappings are sunken
- Wax worms eating combs
- Comb is old, dark



- Nurse bees poked pinholes to check on brood
- Hive failed before nurse bees removed failing pupae
- Wax worms began eating combs before beekeeper intervened
- Wax moth action curtailed by freezing
- Old, dark comb: cull this frame
 - Due to age AND dead brood content (don't save/re-use)



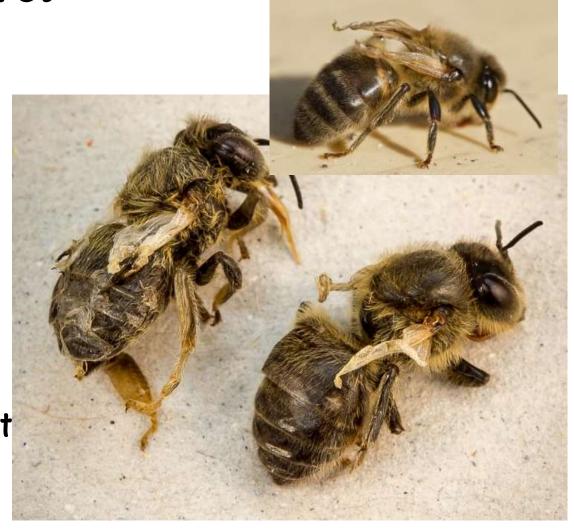
Observations:

 Bees died young, still very fuzzy

- Wings are deformed
- Other physical features seem intact



- Deformities due to development, not injury
- Virus affected development during pupation, not larval stage
- Likely due to Deformed Wing Virus, vectored by mites
- Correlate this with mite count



Observations:

Queen cells, ripe

One is torn open



- Torn-open cell, killed by rival queen that emerged earlier
- Queen cell on middle of frame is typically an emergency queen, rather than supersedure queen
- Queen cell at edge or bottom is typically a swarm cell
 - Planned, prepared, high-quality queen



- •Queen cell is full depth
 - •Not just a "cap"
- Exit is "flat" (planar)
 - NOT ragged



- Virgin queen emerges via flat, planar exit "manhole"
- After emergence & after death of rival, workers clean up & tear down queen cells





Comparing queen emergence to worker emergence

- Bees fanning near entrance
- Feet firmly planted
- Wings not visible
- Mostly pointed same way
- Foragers avoiding them



- Different situations
 - Cooling, convection
 - Cooling, evaporative
 - Signaling
 - Alarming
 - "Homing beacon"
- Normal colony behavior
 - No need to be alarmed
- Ensure adequate water!



- Bees are alive, but motionless
 - Tightly clustered
 - Legs interlocked (sometimes)
- · Bees "revive" later on
 - Sometimes later in the day
 - Sometimes after many days



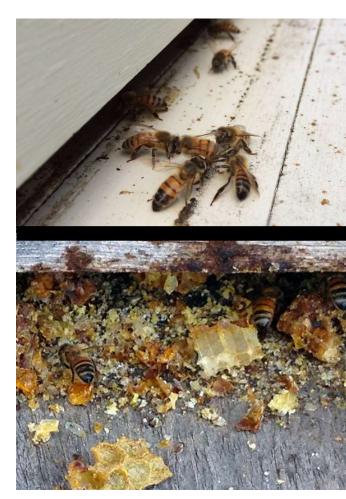
- This is a normal winter cluster
- If bees are motionless (or hardly moving) this is torpor
 - Similar to estivation/hibernation
- Not so likely in Sonoran Desert



- Dirty footprints (speckles)
 - At landing board or any exit
- Scraps of honeycomb
 - On landing board
 - On bottom board
- Dextrose crystals
 - Lying around...
- Grappling
 - At any entrance
- Ants entering, exiting



- Dirty footprints (speckles)
 - Robbers wiping feet while exiting
- Scraps of honeycomb
 - Frantic robbers focusing on liquid honey & quick departure
- Dextrose crystals
 - Discarded solids, focusing on honey
- Grappling
 - Guard bees sending attackers back with a message "do not mess with us"
- Ants won't be able to exploit a strong hive

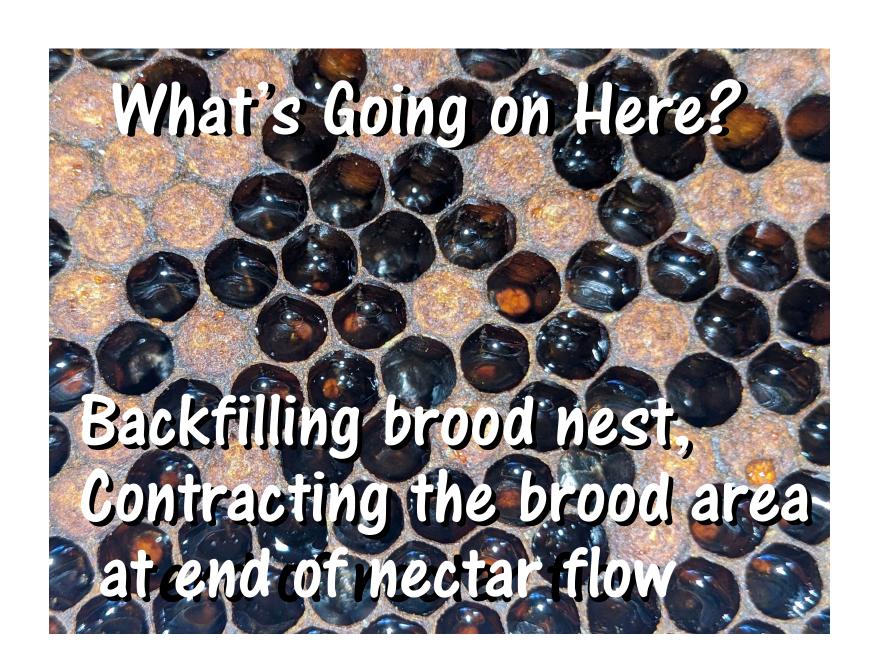


Potential Signs of Robbing Observations:

(many of these behaviors are common when robbing ISN'T happening)

- Bees grappling at entrance
- · Bees hesitantly approaching hive entrance
- Bees climb up exterior of hive to depart
 - Some struggle to take off from side wall
- Bees departing AFTER sundown
 - (because they know the way home)





Observations:

· Light colored, fuzzy bee

Crust on rim of cell

• Plump, proportionate larvae

Interpretation

 Newly-emerged adult AKA "fuzzy"

• "Crust" =waxmoth egg

Healthy-looking brood



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"Crust" of tiny white globs that follow rim of cell. Wax moth eggs.

Bees never seem to notice them.











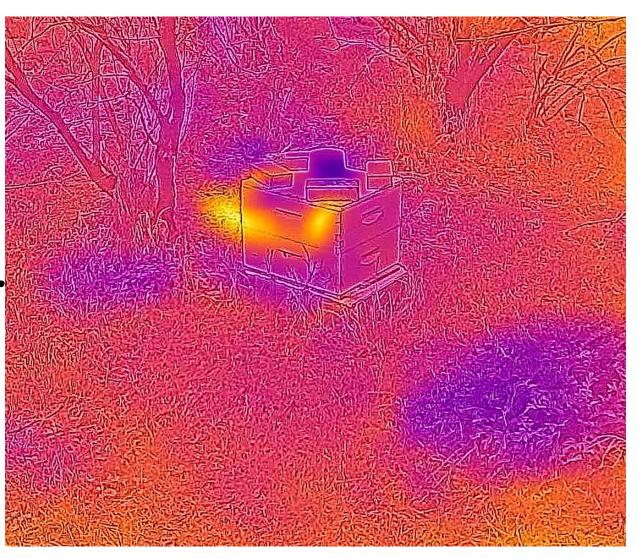
Live? Dead-out?

Too cold for bees to fly.
Too early in the day.

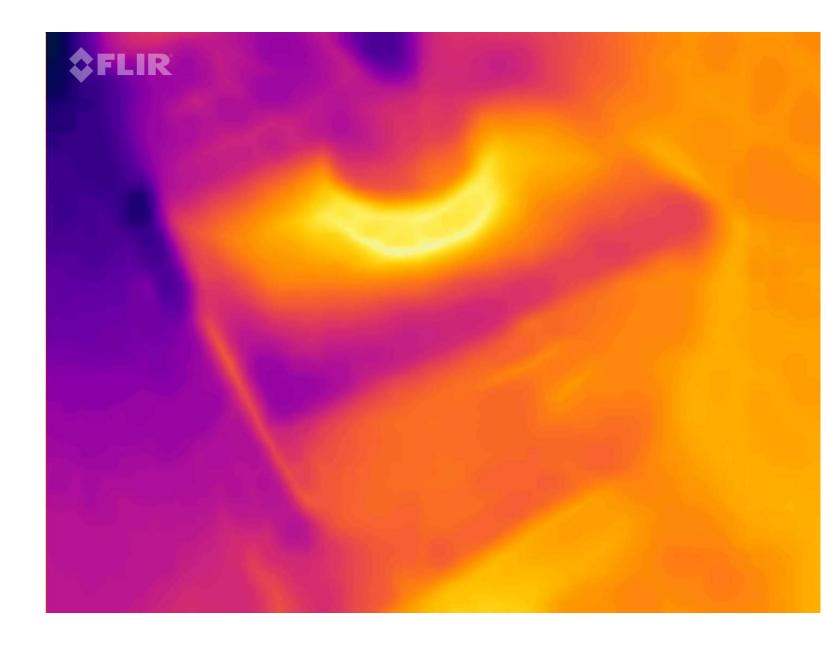


Living, thriving!

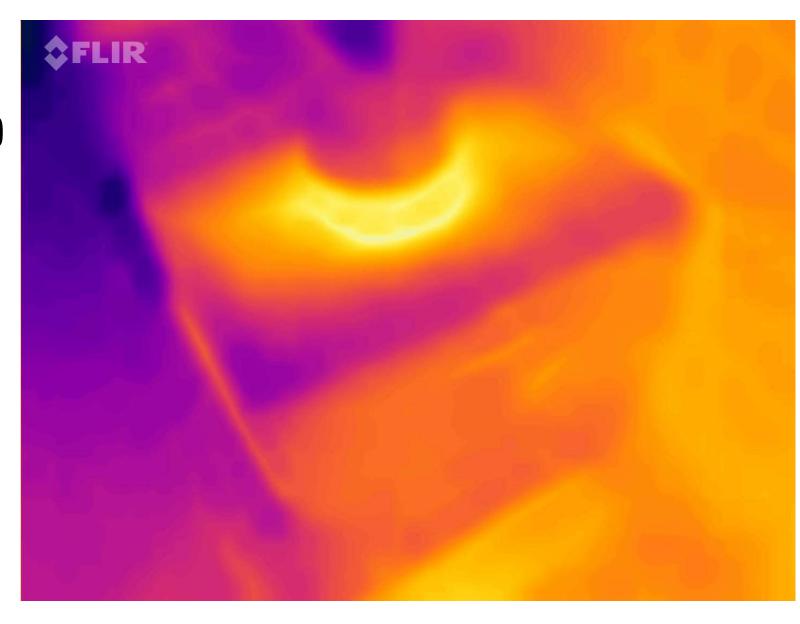
A. Received feeder a week ago
B. Heat signature, upper & lower box



Why is feeder bucket so warm?



Heat from colony is warming remaining liquid.





Beekeeper's "worst problem"



Varroa destructor





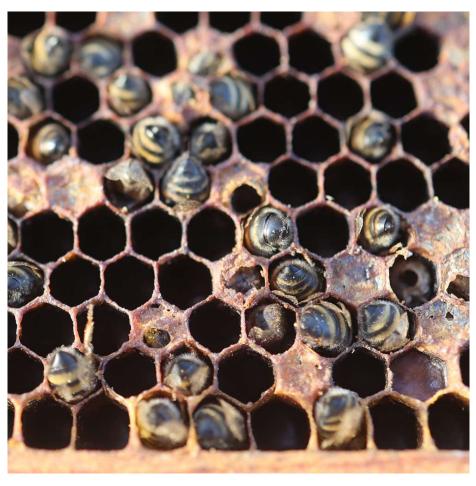


Chemical-free countermeasure:

Because varroa preferentially propagates on drone larvae, pulling capped drone frames can reduce varroa load.



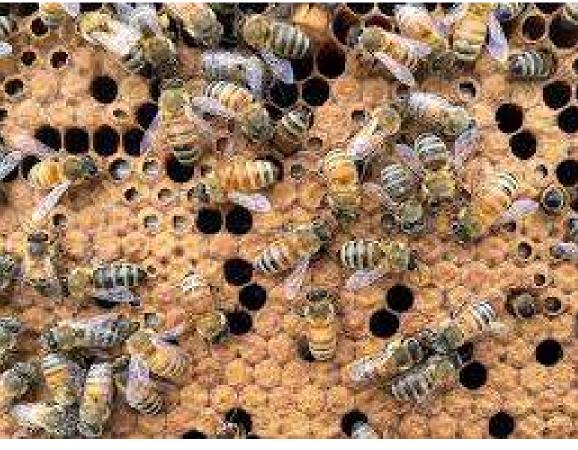
What's Going on Here?





What's Going on Here?





What's Going on Here: Bald Brood



Introducing Wagon Wheel Ranch

- Founded 1911 by John E Denker
- Producing bees & hive products
 - Honey bees for beekeepers
 - Nucleus Colonies ("nucs")
 - Honey
 - Retail jars
 - Honey Sticks
 - Comb honey
 - Private label (e.g. gift shops, gift baskets)
 - Pollen
 - Beeswax
 - Sauces
 - Honey Only™ Mesquite Barbecue Sauce
 - Honey Only™ Teriyaki Sauce
- No longer offering pollination services
- We don't sell queens (but we do sell nucs)







Introducing Wagon Wheel Ranch









Introducing Wagon Wheel Ranch

Technical & Analytical Capabilities

- X-band radar for categorizing bee flight
- Ion-emission spectrometer
 - Identify heavy metals down to 2 ppm
- Optical refractometer
 - Assessing sugar/water content
- X-ray scanning
 - Sanitation & quality control
- Digital microscopy in excess of 1200x

Needs

On-site water filtration/distillation
Process-Water recycling
Rainwater harvesting
Solar electrical
Dedicated water tank truck

Production Capabilities

- Woodshop
- Welding shop
- Paint shop
- Portable welding: gates, fences, shade structures
- Auto shop
- Extraction of honey supers
- Bottling
- Low shear screening for 600 micron cleanup
- Wax processing
- Freezers for comb, etc.
- Concreter mixers
- Rotary tillers
- Bobcat loader & forklift

Introducing American Bee Control





- Founded 1968, Tucson, Arizona
- 100% Live Relocation (no-kill processes)
- No location too difficult
- Residential, Commercial, Government
- Full, same-day repair of each structure
 - but we don't provide painting
- Insured to \$2 million

Services include:

- Established Hive cut-outs
- Swarm trapping
- Swarm Pickup
- Trap-outs: inaccessible spots
- Bee deterrence ("bee-proofing")
- Consulting/Evaluation

Approved Vendor/supplier:

- Pima County
- City of Tucson
- State of Arizona
- AURA (Astronomy Telescopes)
- US GSA (General Services Admin)

Affiliations: Wagon Wheel Ranch & American Bee Control

- American Honey Producers Association® (Commercial Member)
- American Beekeeping Federation[®]
- Better Business Bureau of Southern Arizona® (A+ Accredited)
- Southern Arizona Beekeepers Association (Life Membership)
- National Wildlife Control Operators Association®
- Licensee: Arizona Grown® (Arizona Department of Agriculture)
- Arizona State Apiary Permit (Arizona State Land Department)
- Licensed Utah Professional Beekeeper (Utah Dept of Food & Ag)
- Arizona Small Business Association[®]
- Pollinator Stewardship Council® ("Champion Supporter")

Affiliations

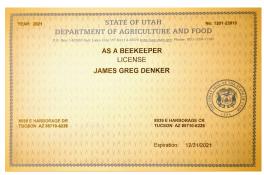








BBB Rating: A+





American Beekeeping











"Honey Bee Version of ASHRAE 62.2" or "How Bees Survive Heat, Cold, Wind & Darkness"

A quick look at the beehive's maintenance of humidity, temperature, CO₂ and hygiene.

By J. Greg Denker



American Bee Control



Wagon Wheel Ranch of Arizona

"How B & Survive

"How P is Survive Heat, Co" Vine & Darkness"

American Society of Heating, Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Engineers

intenance of humidity, temperature,



Wagon Wheel Ranch of Arizona

JD1 JG Denker, 3/12/2024

Mechanisms of Environmental Stabilization

- Fanning*
- Evaporation
- Exothermic Chemical Reaction
- Airflow re-direction
 - Ducting
 - Fluid amplification
- Airflow modulation
 - Adding/subtracting fanners
 - Increasing/decreasing fan speed
- Humidification
- Surface adhesion

- Top-down Construction
- Careful spacing and alignment
- Housekeeping
 - Dust and fiber removal
 - Pest removal
 - Fraternal grooming
- Torpor (in very cold conditions)
- Population re-positioning
 - "Bearding" externally
 - Clustering, internally

^{*} Not same as "signalling" or "alarming"